

Click to view price, real time Inventory,  
Delivery & Lifecycle Information ;

# 80CPTN015

Vishay Semiconductors

SCHOTTKY RECTIFIER

Any questions, please feel free to contact us.

[info@kaimte.com](mailto:info@kaimte.com)

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**80CPTN015**

SCHOTTKY RECTIFIER

80 Amp

#### Major Ratings and Characteristics

Characteristics	80CPTN015	Units
$I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform	80	A
$V_{RRM}$	15	V
$I_{FSM}$ @ $t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine	2200	A
$V_F$ @ 40 Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ (typical) (per leg)	0.30	V
$T_J$ range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

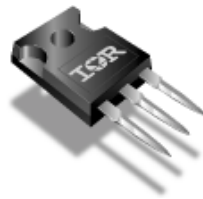
#### Description/ Features

This center tap Schottky rectifier series has been optimized for ultra low forward voltage drop specifically for 1.5V output power supplies. The proprietary sub-micron technology allows for low power loss in forward and reverse conduction.

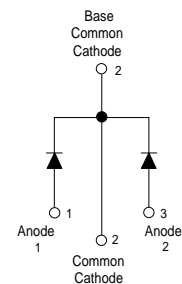
- $150^\circ C$   $T_J$  operation
- Center tap configuration
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- Ultra low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation

#### Case Styles

80CPTN015



TO-247AC



## Voltage Ratings

Part number	80CPTN015
$V_R$ Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V)	15
$V_{RWM}$ Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V)	

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Value	Units	Conditions
$I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current * See Fig. 5	Per Device	80	50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 137^\circ\text{C}$ , rectangular wave form
	Per Leg	40	
$I_{FSM}$ Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 7		2200	5 $\mu\text{s}$ Sine or 3 $\mu\text{s}$ Rect. pulse 10ms Sine or 6ms Rect. pulse
		500	
$E_{AS}$ Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Per Leg)	9	mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{AS} = 2$ Amps, $L = 4.5$ mH
$I_{AR}$ Repetitive Avalanche Current (Per Leg)	2	A	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 $\mu\text{sec}$ Frequency limited by $T_J$ max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical

## Electrical Specifications

Parameters	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{FM}$ Max. Forward Voltage Drop (Per Leg) * See Fig. 1 (1)	0.39	0.42	V	@ 40A
	0.46	0.51	V	@ 80A
	0.30	0.34	V	@ 40A
	0.40	0.45	V	@ 80A
	0.27	0.30	V	@ 40A
	0.38	0.41	V	@ 80A
$I_{RM}$ Max. Reverse Leakage Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 2 (1)	0.6	3.0	mA	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	200	350	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
	650	850	mA	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$C_T$ Max. Junction Capacitance (Per Leg)	-	2600	pF	$V_R = 10V_{DC}$ (test signal range 100Khz to 1Mhz) $25^\circ\text{C}$
$L_S$ Typical Series Inductance (Per Leg)	-	7.5	nH	Measured lead to lead 5mm from package body
dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change	-	10000	V/ $\mu\text{s}$	(Rated $V_R$ )

(1) Pulse Width < 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle <2%

## Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

Parameters	Value	Units	Conditions
$T_J$ Max. Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_{stg}$ Max. Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
$R_{thJC}$ Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Leg)	0.6	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	DC operation * See Fig. 4
$R_{thJC}$ Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Package)	0.3	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	DC operation
$R_{thCS}$ Typical Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink	0.25	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	Mounting surface, smooth and greased
wt Approximate Weight	6 (0.21)	g (oz.)	
T Mounting Torque	Min.	6 (5)	Kg-cm (lbf-in)
	Max.	12 (10)	
Case Style	TO-247AC (TO-3P)		JEDEC

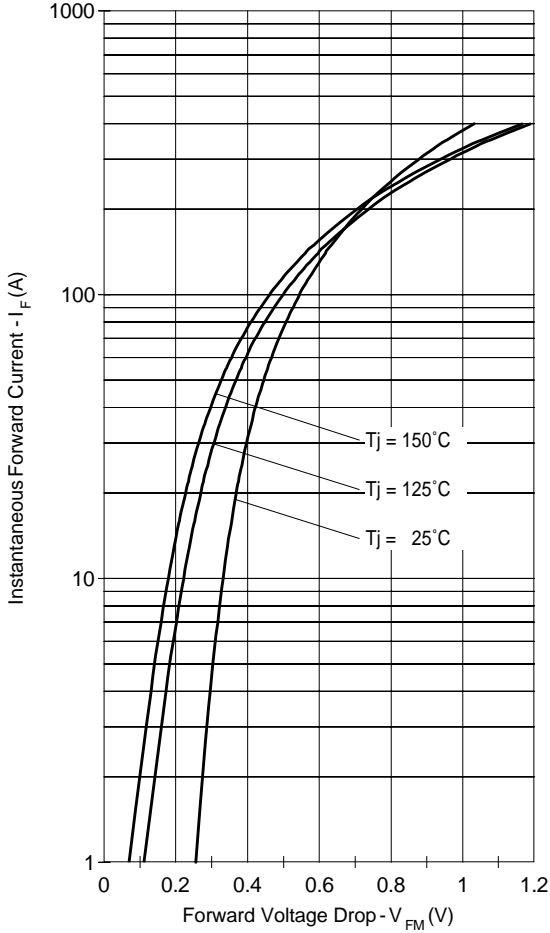


Fig. 1 - Max. Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (Per Leg)

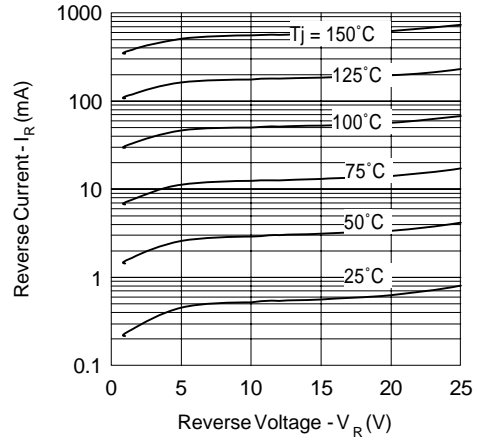


Fig. 2 - Typical Values Of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

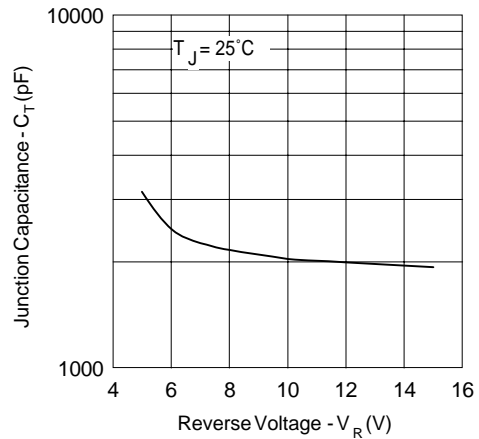


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

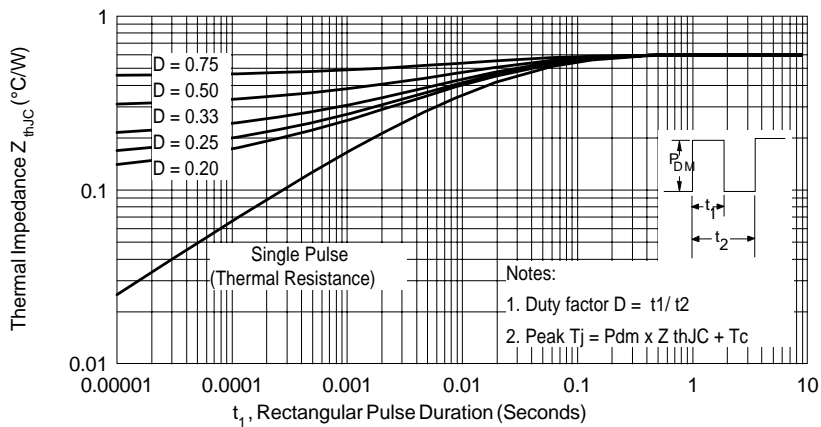


Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics (Per Leg)

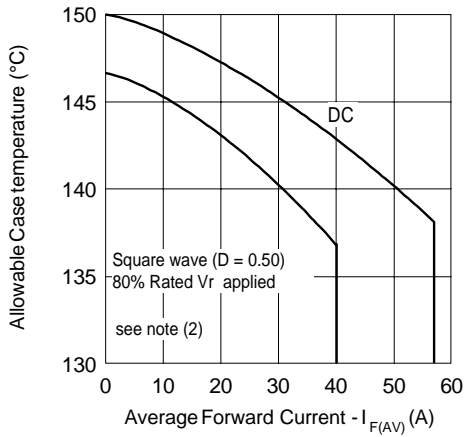


Fig. 5 - Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

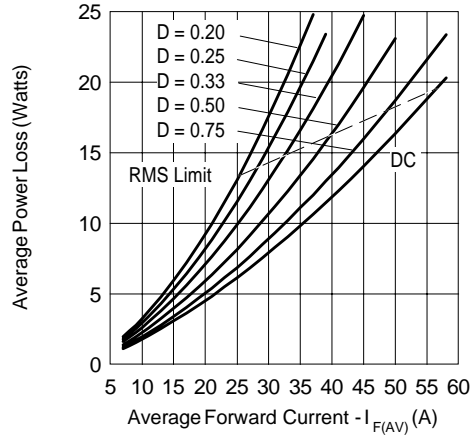


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

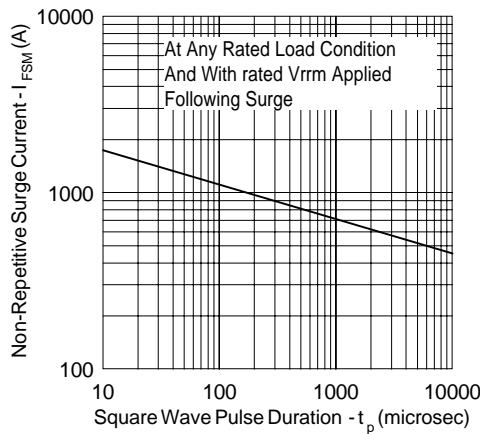


Fig. 7 - Max. Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)

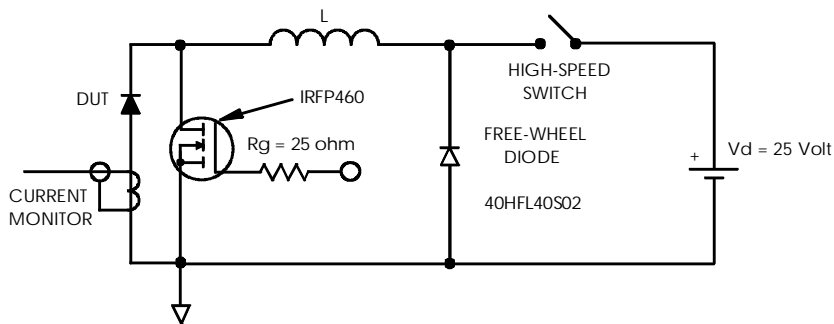


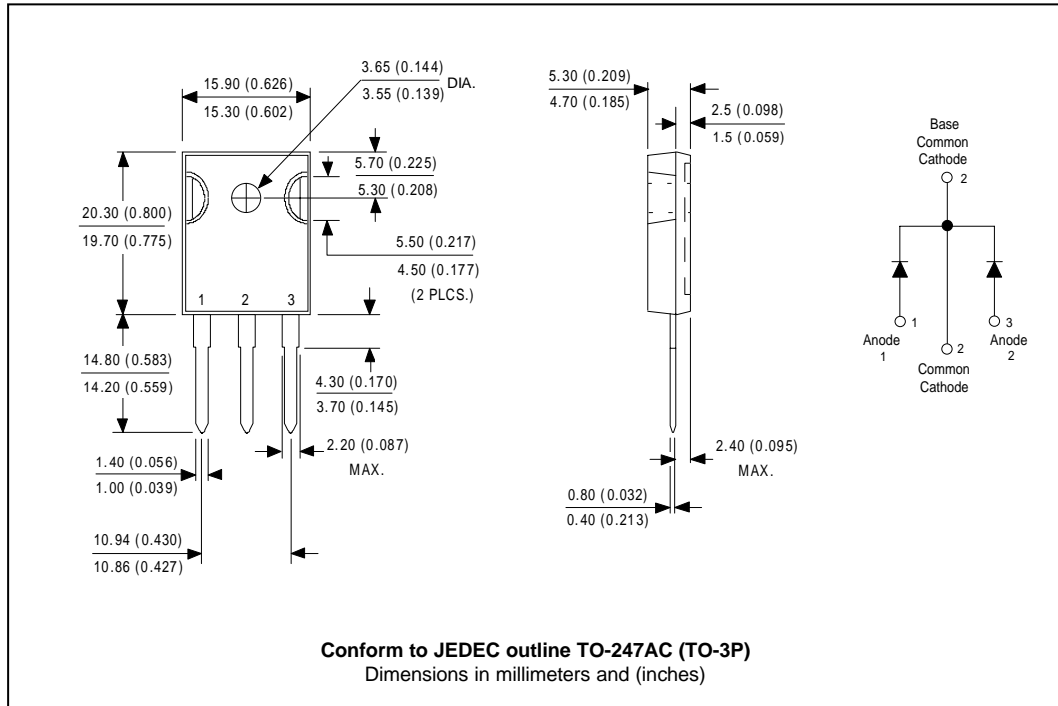
Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

(2) Formula used:  $T_C = T_J - (Pd + Pd_{REV}) \times R_{thJC}$

$Pd$  = Forward Power Loss =  $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM} @ (I_{F(AV)}/D)$  (see Fig. 6);

$Pd_{REV}$  = Inverse Power Loss =  $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$ ;  $I_R @ V_{R1} = 80\%$  rated  $V_R$

Outline Table



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
 This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial Level.  
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.