

Electrical data

# **Voltage Transducer CV 3-200**

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit



Liectrical data					
$V_{PN}$	Primary nominal RMS voltage	140	V		
$V_{PM}$	Primary voltage, measuring range	0 ±200	V		
$V_{\mathtt{S}}$	Secondary voltage @ $V_{\rm Pmax}$	10	V		
$K_{N}$	Conversion ratio	200 V : 10 V			
$R_{L}$	Load resistance	≥ 1	kΩ		
$C_{L}$	Capacitive loading	≤ 5	nF		
$U_{C}$	Supply voltage (±5 %)	±15	V		
$I_{\rm C}$	Current consumption	32 + $V_{\rm S}$ / $R_{\rm L}$	mA		
Accuracy - Dynamic performance data					

		Max	
$X_{G}$	Overall accuracy @ $V_{PN}$ , $T_{A}$ = 25 °C	±0.2	%
Ü	−40 +85 °C	±0.6	%
$V_{o}$	Offset voltage @ $V_P = 0$ , $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	±5	mV
	−40 +85 °C	±13	mV
$t_{\rm r}$	Step response time to 90 % of $V_{\rm PN}^{-1)}$	0.3	μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB) @ V <sub>a</sub>	DC 300	kHz

	General data			
$T_{A}$	Ambient operating temperature	-40 +85	°C	
$T_{\rm S}$	Ambient storage temperature	-45 +90	°C	
$P_{P}$	Total primary power loss	3.1	W	
$R_{P}$	Resistance of primary (winding)	6.4	kΩ	
m	Mass	560	g	
	Standards	EN 50155: 200	EN 50155: 2007 <sup>2)</sup> EN 50121-3-2: 2015	
		EN 50121-3-2:		

Notes: 1) For a  $dv/dt = 200 \text{ V/}\mu\text{s}$ .

Conoral data





#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

### **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- · Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- High immunity to external interference
- Low disturbance in common mode.

### **Applications**

- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking choppers
- Propulsion converters
- Auxiliary converters
- Battery chargers.

### **Application Domain**

Traction.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2)}$  Deviation of the offset during the test IEC 61000-4-3 between 100 to 200 MHz



## **Voltage Transducer CV 3-200**

Insulation coordination					
$U_{\mathrm{d}}$	RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	6	kV		
$U_{e}$	Partial discharge extinction RMS voltage @ 10 pC	2	kV		
		Min			
$d_{\rm Cp}$	Creepage distance	83.8	mm		
$d_{CI}$	Clearance	76.4	mm		
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group I)	600			

### **Safety**

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary connections, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

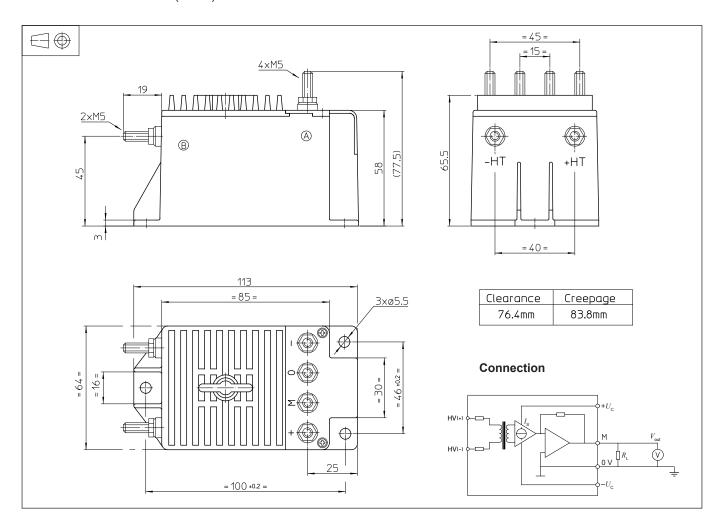
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



### Dimensions CV 3-200 (in mm)



### **Mechanical characteristics**

General tolerance

Transducer fastening steel screws M5

Recommended fastening torque

Connection of primary

Connection of secondary

Recommended fastening torque 2.2 N·m

3 holes Ø 5.5 mm

3.8 N·m

±0.3 mm

2 threaded studs M5

4 threaded studs M5

### **Remarks**

- $V_{\rm S}$  is positive when  $V_{\rm P}$  is applied on terminal +HV.
- EMC tested with a shielded secondary cable, shield connected to 0 V at both ends, or disconnected.
- · Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: Products/Product Documentation.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.